SERMON XXXVI.

The Marriage of Cana.

Јони іі. 11.

This beginning of miracles did Jesus in Cana of Galilec, and manifested forth his glory; and his disciples believed on him.

Have more than once had occasion to observe, that the chief end St. John had in view, when he wrote his gospel, was to prove the divinity of Jesus Christ, [that Word, who not only was from everlasting with God, but also was really God blessed for evermore] against those arch-heretics Ebion and Corinthus, whose pernicious principles too many follow in these last days. For this purpose, you may take notice, that he is more particular than any other Evangelist, in relating our Lord's divine discourses, as also the glorious miracles which he wrought, not by a power derived from another, like Moses, and other prophets, but from a power inherent in himself.

The words of the text have a reference to a notable miracle which Christ performed, and thereby gave proof of his eternal power and Godhead. "This beginning of miracles did Jesus in Cana of Galilee, and manifested forth his glory; and his disciples believed on him."

The miracle here spoken of, is that of our Lord's turning water into wine at a marriage feast. I design, at present, by God's help, to make some observations on the circumstances and certainty of the miracle, and then conclude with some practical instructions; that you, by hearing how Jesus Christ has showed forth his glory, may, by the operation of God's Spirit upon your hearts, with the disciples mentioned in the text, be brought to believe on him.

First

First, then, I would make some observations on the miracle itself.

Verse I and 2. "And the third day there was a marriage in Cana of Galilee; and the mother of Tesus was there. And both Jesus was called, and his disciples, to the marriage." By our LORD's being at a feast we may learn, that feasting upon folemn occasions is not absolutely unlawful; but then we must be exceeding careful at such seasons, that the occafion be folemn, and that we go not for the fake of eating and drinking, but to edify one another in love. Feafling in any other manner, I think absolutely unlawful for the followers of Jesus Christ: because if we eat and drink out of any other view, it cannot be to the glory of God. The Son of man, we know, " came eating and drinking." If a pharifee asked him to come to his house, our LORD went, and fat down with him. But then we find his discourse was always fuch as tended to the use of edifying. We may then, no doubt, go and do likewife.

We may observe farther, that if our LORD was present at a marriage feast, then, to deny marriage to any order of men, is certainly a "doctrine of devils." "Marriage (fays the Apostle) is honourable in all." Our LORD graced a marriage feast with his first public miracle. It was an institution of God himself, even in paradife: and therefore, no doubt, lawful for all christians, even for those who are made perfect in holiness through the faith of JESUS CHRIST. But then, we may learn the reason why we have so many unhappy marriages in the world; it is because the parties concerned do not call Jesus Christ by prayer, nor ask the advice of his true disciples when they are about to marry: No; CHRIST and religion are the last things that are consulted: and no wonder then if matches of the devil's making (as all fuch are, which are contracted only on account of outward beauty, or for filthy lucre's fake) prove most miserable, and grievous to be borne.

I cannot but dwell a little on this particular, because I am persuaded the devil cannot lay a greater snare for young christians, than to tempt them unequally to yoke themselves with unbelievers: as are all who are not born again of God. This was the snare wherein the sons of God were entangled Vol. VI.

before the flood, and one great cause why God brought that flood upon the world. For what fays Moses, Gen. vi. 2, 3. "The firs of God (the posterity of pious Seth) faw the daughters of men, (or the pofferity of wicked Cain) that they were fair, (not that they were pious) and they took them wives of all which they chose:" not which God chose for them. What follows? "And the LORD faid, My spirit fh. Il not always strive with man, for that he also is slefh;" that is, even the few rightcous fouls being now grown carnal by their ungodly marriages, the whole world was altogether become abominable, and had made themselves vessels of wrath fitted for destruction. I might instance farther, the care the ancient patriarchs took to chuse wives for their children out of their own religious families; and it was one great mark of Elau's rebellion against his father, that he took unto himself wives of the daughters of the Canaanites, who were strangers to the covenant of promise made unto his fathers. But I forbear. Time will not permit me to enlarge here. Let it fusfice to advise all, whenever they enter into a marriage state, to imitate the people of Cana in Galilee, to call CHRIST to the marriage: He certainty will hear and chuse for you; and you will always find his choice to be the best. He then will direct you to fuch yoke-fellows as shall be helps meet for you in the great work of your falvation, and then he will also enable you to serve him without distraction, and cause you to walk, as Zachary and Elizabeth, in all his commandments and ordinances blameless.

But to proceed. Who these persons were that called our LORD and his disciples to the marriage, is not certain. Some (because it is said, that the mother of Jesus was there) have supposed that they were related to the Virgin, and that therefore our LORD and his disciples were invited on her account. However that be, it should seem they were not very rich, (for what had rich solks to do with a despised Jesus of Nazareth, and his mean followers?) because we find they were unsurnished with a sufficient quantity of wine for a large company, and therefore, "when they wanted wine, the mother of Jesus," having, as it should seem by her applying to him so readily on this occasion, even in his private life, seen some instances of his miraculous power, "saith unto him, They have

have no wine." She thought it sufficient only to inform him of the wants of the hoft, knowing that he was as ready to give as she to ask. In this light the blessed Virgin's request appears to us at the first view; but if we examine our Lord's answer, we shall have reason to think there was something which was not right; for Jesus faith unto her, ver. 4. "Woman, what have I to do with thee?" Observe, he calls her woman, not mother; to fhew her, that though she was his mother, as he was man, yet fhe was his creature, as he was God. "What have I to do with thee?" Think you that I must work miracles at your bidding? Some have thought that she spoke as though she had an authority over him, which was a proud motion, and our LORD therefore checks her for it. And if JESUS CHRIST would not turn a little water into wine, whilst he was here on earth, at her command, how idolatrous is that church, and how justly do we separate from her, which prescribes forms, wherein the Virgin is defired to command her Son to have compaffion

But notwithstanding the holy Virgin was blameable in this respect, yet she hath herein set rich and poor an example which it is your duty to follow. You that are rich, and live in cieled houses, learn of her to go into the cottages of the poor; your LORD was not above it, and why should you? And when you do visit them, like the virgin-mother, examine their wants; and when you fee they have no wine, and are ready to perish with hunger, shut not up your bowels of compassion, but bless the LORD for putting it in your power to administer to their necessities. Believe me, such visits would do you good. You would learn then to be thankful that God has given you bread enough, and to spare. And I am perfuaded, every mite that you bestow on feeding the hungry and cloathing the naked disciples of Jesus Christ, will afford you more fatisfaction at the hour of death, and in the day of judgment, than all the thousands squandered away in balls and affemblies, and fuch-like entertainments.

You that are poor in this world's goods, and thereby are disabled from helping, yet you may learn from the Virgin, to pray for one another. She could not turn the water into wine, but she could entreat her son to do it: and so may you; and

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doubt not of the LORD's hearing you; for God has chosen the poor in this world, rich in faith: and by your fervent prayers, you may draw down many a bleffing on your poor fellow-creatures. O that I may ever be remembered by you before the throne of our dear LORD JESUS! But what shall we say? Will our LORD entirely difregard this motion of his mother? No; though he check her with, "Woman, what have I to do with thee?" yet he intimates that he would do as she desired by-and-by: "Mine hour is not yet come." As though he had said, The wine is almost, but not quite out; when they are come to an extremity, and sensible of the want of my assistance, then will I shew forth my glory, that they may behold it, and believe on me.

Thus, Sirs, hath our LORD been frequently pleased to deal with me, and, I doubt not, with many of you also. Often, often when I have found his presence as it were hidden from my foul, and his comforts well nigh gone, I have went unto him complaining that I had no vifit and token of his love, as usual. Sometimes he has seemed to turn a deaf ear to my request, and as it were faid, "What have I to do with thee?" which has made me go forrowing all the day long; fo foolish was I, and faithless before him: for I have always found he loved me notwithstanding, as he did Lazarus, though he flayed two days after he heard he was fick. But when my hour of extremity has been come, and my will broken, then hath he lifted up the light of his bleffed countenance afresh; he has shewed forth his glory, and made me ashamed for difbelieving him, who often hath turned my water into wine. Be not then discouraged, if the LORD does not immediately feem to regard the voice of your prayer, when you cry unto him. The holy Virgin we find was not; no, she was convinced his time was the best time, and therefore, verse 5. " faith unto the fervants, (O that we could follow her advice!) whatfoever he faith unto you, do it."

And now, behold the hour is come, when the eternal Son of God will shew forth his glory. The circumstance of the miracle is very remarkable; ver. 6. "And there were set fix water-pots of water, after the manner of the purifying of the fews, containing two or three firkins a-piece." The manner of this purifying we have an account of in the other 3 Evangelists,

Evangeliss, especially St. Mark, who informs us, that the pharises, and all the Jews, except they wash their hands oft, eat not; and when they come from the market, except they wash they eat not. This was a superstitious custom; but, however, we may learn from it, whenever we come in from conversing with those that are without, to purify our hearts by self-examination and prayer; for it is hard to go through the world, and to be kept unspotted from it.

Observe further, verse 7. " Jesus saith unto them," not to his own disciples, but unto the servants of the house, who were strangers to the holy Jesus, and whom the virgin had before charged to do whatfoever he faid unto them; "Fill the water-pots with water. And they filled them to the brim. And he faith unto them, draw out now, and bear to the governor of the feast. And they bear it." How our LORD turned the water into wine we are not told. What have we to do with that? Why should we defire to be wife above what is written? It is fufficient for the manifestation of his glorious godhead, that we are assured he did do it. For we are told, verse 9, 10. "When the ruler of the seast had tasted the water that was made wine, and knew not whence it was (but the fervants that drew the water knew) the governor of the feast called the bridegroom, and faith unto him, every man at the beginning doth fet forth good wine, and when they have well drunk, that which is worfe; but thou haft kept the good wine until now."

To explain this passage, you must observe, it was the cussion of the Yeros, nay even of the heathens themselves, (to the shame of our christian baptized heathens be it spoken) at their public feasts to chuse a governor, who was to oversee and regulate the behaviour of the guests, and to take care that all things were carried on with decency and order. To this person then did the servants bear the wine; and we may judge how rich it was by his commendation of it, "Every man at the beginning, &c." Judge ye then, whether Jesus did not shew forth his glory, and whether you have not good reason, like the disciples here mentioned, to believe on him?

Thus, my brethren, I have endeavoured to make some observations on the miracle itself. But alas! this is only the outward court thereof, the veil is yet before our eyes; turn

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that ande, and we shall see such mysteries under it, as will make our hearts to dance for joy, and fill our mouths with

praise for evermore!

But here I cannot help remarking what a fad inference one of our mafters of Israel, in a printed fermon, has lately drawn from this commendation of the bridegroom. His words are these. "Our blessed Saviour came eating and drinking, was present at weddings, and other entertainments, (though I hear of his being only at one;) nay, at one of them (which I suppose is that of which I am now discoursing) worked a miracle to make wine, when it is plain there had been more drank than was absolutely necessary for the support of nature, and consequently something had been indulged to pleasure and chearfulness."*

I am forry such words should come from the mouth and pen of a dignified clergyman of the Church of England. Alas! how is the fallen! or at least, in what danger must her tottering ark be, when fuch unhallowed hands are stretched out to support it! Well may I bear patiently to be stilled a blafphemer, and a fetter forth of strange doctrines, when my dear LORD JESUS is thus traduced; and when those who pretend to preach in his name, urge this example to patronize licentiousness and excess. It is true (as I observed at the beginning of this discourse) our blessed Saviour did come eating and drinking; he was prefent at a wedding, and other entertainments; nay, at one of them worked a miracle to make wine, (you see I have been making some observations on it) but then it is not plain there had been more wine drank than was abfolutely necessary for the support of nature; much less does it appear, that fomething had been indulged to pleafure and charfulnef.

The governor does indeed fay, "When men have well drunken," but it no where appears that they were the men. Is it to be supposed, that the most holy and unspotted Lamb of God, who was manifested to destroy the works of the deal, and who, when at a Pharisee's house, took notice of even the gestures of those with whom he sat at meat; is it to be supposed, that our dear Redeemer, whose constant practice it was to tell people they must deny themselves, and take up

^{*} See Dr. Trap's firmon against being righteous over-much, p. 17.

their croffes daily; who bid his disciples to take heed, lest at any time their hearts might be over-charged with furfeiting and drunkenness; can it be supposed, that such a self-denying JESUS should now turn fix large water-pots of water into the richest wine, to encourage excess and drunkenness in persons, who, according to this writer, had indulged to pleafure and chearfulness already? Had our LORD sat by, and seen them indulge, without telling them of it, would it not be a fin? But to infinuate he not only did this, but also turned water into wine, to increase that indulgence; this is making CHRIST a minister of fin indeed. What is this, but using him like the Pharifees of old, who called him a glutton, and a wine-bibber? Alas! how may we expect our dear Lord's enemies will treat him, when he is thus wounded in the house of his seeming friends? Sirs, if you follow fuch doctrine as this, you will not be righteous, but I am persuaded you will be wicked over-much.

But God forbid you should think our Lord behaved so much unlike himself in this matter. No, he had nobler ends in view, when he wrought this miracle. One, the evangelist mentions in the words of the text, "to shew forth his glory," or to give a proof of his eternal power and godhead.

Here seems to be an a'lusion to the appearance of God in the tabernacle, which this same evangelist takes notice of in his first chapter, where he says, "The Word (Jesus Christ) was made slesh, and dwelt (cr, as it is rendered in the margin, tabernacled) amongst us." Our dear Lord, though very God of very God, and also most perfect and glorious in himself as man, was pleased to throw a veil of slesh over this his great glory, when he came to make his soul an offering for sin. And that the world might know and believe in him as the Saviour of all men, he performed many miracles, and this in particular; for thus speaks the evangelist, "This sirst," &c.

This then was the chief defign of our Lord's turning the water into wine. But there are more which our Lord may be supposed to have had in view, some of which I shall proceed to mention.

Seconaly, he might do this to reward the hoft for calling him and his disciples to the marriage. Jesus Christ will

not be behind-hand with those who receive him or his followers, for his name's fake. Those who thus honour him, he will honour. A cup of cold water given in the name of a disciple, shall in no wife lose its reward. He will turn water into wine. Though those who abound in alms-deeds, out of a true faith in, and love for JESUS, may feem as it were to throw their bread upon the waters, yet they shall find it again after many days. For they who give to the poor out of this principle, lend unto the LORD; and look, whatfoever they lay out, it shall be repaid them again. Even in this life, God often orders good meafure preffed down and running over, to be returned into his fervants bosoms. It is the same in spirituals. To him that hath, and improves what he hath, for the fake of CHRIST and his disciples, shall be given, and he shall have abundance. Brethren, I would not boast; but, to my maffer's honour and free grace be it spoken, I can prove this to be true by happy experience. When I have confidered that I am a child, and cannot speak, and have seen so many of you come out into the wilderness to be fed, I have often faid within myfelf, what can I do with my little flock of grace and knowledge among fo great a multitude? Bur, at my LORD's command, I have given you to eat of fuch fpiritual food as I had, and before I have done speaking, have had my foul richly fed with the bread which cometh down from heaven. Thus shall it be done to all such who are willing to found and be fpent for CHRIST or his disciples; for there is no respect of persons with Gop.

Thirdly, Our Lord's turning the water, which was poured out fo plentifully, into wine, is a fign of the plentiful pouring out of his Spirit into the hearts of believers. The holy Spirit is in scripture compared unto wine; and therefore the prophit calls us to buy wine as well as milk, that is, the spirit of love, which fills and gladdens the soul as it were with new wine. The apostle alludes to this, when he bids the Ephesans "not to be drunk with wine, wherein is excess, but be filled with the Spirit." And our Lord shews us thus much by chusing wine; to shew forth the strength and retreshment of his blood, in the blessed facrament. I know these terms are unintelligible to natural men, they can no more understand me, than if I spake to them in an unknown tangue, for they are only to be spiritually discerned. To

you then that are spiritual do I speak, to you who are justified by faith, and feel the bleffed Spirit of Jesus Christ working upon your hearts, you can judge of what I fay; you have already (I am perfuaded) been as it were filled with new wine by the inspiration of his Holy Spirit. But alas! you have not yet had half your portion; these are only earnests, and in comparison but shadows of good things to come; our LORD keeps his best wine for you till the last; and though you have drank deep of it already, yet he intends to give you more: He will not leave you, 'till he has filled you to the brim, 'till you are ready to cry out, LORD, stay thine hand, thy poor creatures can hold no more! Be not straitened in your own bowels, fince Jesus Christ is not firaitened in his. Open your hearts as wide as ever you will, the Spirit of the LORD shall fill them. CHRIST deals with true believers, as Elijah did with the poor woman, whose oil increased, to pay her husband's debts; as long as fhe brought pitchers, the oil continued. did not cease till she ceased bringing vessels to contain it. My brethren, our hearts are like those pitchers; open them freely by faith, and the oil of GoD's free gift, the oil of gladness, the love of God through Christ, shall be continually pouring in; for believers are to be filled with all the fulness of God.

Fourthly, Our LORD's turning water into wine, and keeping the best until last, may shew forth the glory of the latter days of his marriage feast with his church. Great things God has done already, whereat millions of faints have rejoiced, and do yet rejoice. Great things God is doing now, but yet, my brethren, we shall see greater things than these. It is meet, right, and our bounden duty, to give thanks unto God, even the Father; for many righteous men have defired to fee the things which we fee, and have not feen them; and to hear the things which we hear, and have not heard them. But fill there are more excellent things behind. Glorious things are spoken of these times, "when the earth shall be filled with the knowledge of the LORD, as the waters cover the fea." There is a general expectation among the people of God, when the partition-wall between Jew and Gentile Snall be broken down, and all Ifracl be faved. Happy those who live when God does this. They shall see Satan, like lightning, fall from heaven. They shall not weep, as the Yews did at the building of the second temple. No, they shall rejoice

joice with exceeding great joy. For all the former glory of the chritism church shall be nothing in comparison of that glory which shall excel. Then shall they cry out with the governor of the feast, "thou hast kept thy good wine until now!"

Fightly, and lastly, This shews us the happiness of that blested state, when we shall all fit together at the marriage supper of the Lamb, and drink of the new wine in his eternal

and glorious kingdom!

The rewards which JESUS CHRIST confers on his faithful fervants, and the comforts of his love wherewith he comforts them, whilst pilgrims here on earth, are often fo exceeding great, that was it not promifed, it were almost prefumption for them to hope for any reward hereafter. But, my brethren, all the manifestations of God that we can possibly be favoured with here, when compared with the glory that is to be revealed in us, are no more than a drop of water when compared with an unbounded ocean. Though CHRIST frequently fills his faints even to the brim, yet their corruptible bodies weigh down their fouls, and cause them to cry, "Who shall deliver us from these bodies of death?" These earthly tabernacles can hold no more: But, bleffed be God, these earthly tabernacles are to be dissolved; this corruptible is to put on incorruption; this mortal is to put on immortality: and when GoD shall cause all his glory to pass before us, then shall we cry out, Lord, thou hast kept thy good wine until now. We have drank deeply of thy fpirit; we have heard glorious things spoken of this thy city, O Gop! but we now find, that not the half, not the thousandth part hath been told us. O the invisible realities of the world of faith! Eye hath not feen, ear hath not heard, neither hath it entered into the heart of the greatest saint to conceive how CHRIST will shew forth his glory there! St. Paul, who was carried up into the third heavens, could give us little or no account of it. And well he might not-for he heard and faw fuch things as is not possible for a man cloathed with sless and blood to utter. Whilft I am thinking, and only speaking of those things unto you, I am almost carried beyond myself. Methinks, I now receive fome little foretaftes of that new wine which I hope to drink with you in the heavenly kingdom for ever and ever.

And wherefore do you think I have been faying these things? Many, perhaps, may be ready to say, To manifest thy own vain-lory. But it is a small matter with me to be judged of man's judgment. He that judgeth me is the LORD. He knows that I have spoken of his miracle, only for the same end for which he at first performed it, and which I at first proposed, that is, "to shew forth his glory," that you also may be brought to believe on him.

Did I come to preach myself, and not Christ Jisus my Lord, I would come to you, not in this plaintess of speech, but with the enticing words of man's wildom. Did I desire to please natural men, I need not preach here in the wilderness. I hope my heart aims at nothing else, than what our Lord's great fore-runner aimed at, and which ought to be the business of every gospel minister, that is, to point out to you she God-man Christ Jesus. "Behold then (by faith behold) the Lamb of God, who taketh away the fins of the world." Look unto him, and be saved. You have heard how he manistested, and will yet manistest his glory to true believers; and why then, O sinners, will you not believe in him? I say, O sinners, for now I have spoken to the saints, I have many things to say to you. And may God give you all an hearing ear, and an obedient heart!

The LORD Insus who shewed faith his glory above 1700 years ago, has made a marriage feaft, and offers to espouse all finners to himfelf, and to make them fl.fn of his flesh, and bone of his bone. He is willing to be united to you by one fpirit. In every age, at fundry times, and after divers manners, he hath fent forth his tervants, and they had bidden many, but yet, my brethren, there is room. The LORD therefore now has given a commission in these last days to others of his fervants, even to compel poor finners by the cords of love to come in. For our master's house must and shall be filled. He will not shed his precious blood in vain. Come then, come to the marriage. Let this be the day of your espoufals with JESUS CHRIST, he is willing to receive you, though other lords have had dominion over you. Come then to the marriage. Behold the oxen and fatlings are killed, and all things are ready; let me hear you fay, as Relecca did, when they asked her, whether she would go and be a wife to Isaac; O let me hear you say, we will come, Indeed you will not repent it. The Lord shall turn your water into wine. He shall fill your souls with marrow and satness, and cause you to praise him with joyful lips.

Do not fay, you are miserable, and poor, and blind, and naked, and therefore ashamed to come, for it is to such that this invitation is now fent. The polite, the rich, the bufy, felf-righteous Pharifees of this generation have been bidden already, but they have rejected the counsel of God against themselves. They are too deeply engaged in going, one to his country house, another to his merchandize. They are so deeply wedded to the pomps and vanities of this wicked world, that they, as it were with one confent, have made excuse. And though they have been often called in their own fynagogues, yet all the return they make, is to thrust us out, and thereby in effect fay, they will not come. But God forbid, my brethren, that you should learn of them; no, since our LORD condescends to call first, (because if left to yourselves you would never call after him) let me befeech you to answer him, as he answered for you, when called upon by infinite offended justice to die for your fins, "Lo! I come to do thy will, O God!" What if you are miserable, and poor, and blind, and naked, that is no excuse; faith is the only wedding garment which CHRIST requires; he does not call you because you already are, but because he intends to make you faints. It pities him to see you naked. He wants to cover you with his rightcouincis. In fhort, he defires to shew forth his glory, that is, his free love through your faith in him. Not but that he will be glorified, whether you believe in him or not; for the infinitely free love of JESUS CHRIST will be ever the fame, whether you believe it, and fo receive it, or the contrary. But our LORD will not always fend out his fervants in vain, to call you; the time will come when he will fay, None of those which were bidden, and would not come, shall taste of my supper. Our LORD is a GOD of justice, as well as of .. love; and if finners will not take hold of his golden sceptre, verily he will bruife them with his iron rod. It is for your fakes, O finners, and not his own, that he thus condescends to invite you: fusier him then to shew forth his glory, even the glory of the exceeding riches of his free grace, by believ-

ing on him, " For we are faved by grace through faith." It was grace, free grace, that moved the Father to to love the world, as to "give his only begotten Son, that whofoever believeth in him should not perish, but have everlasting life!" It was grace, that made the Son to come down and die. It was grace, free grace, that moved the ffoly Ghoft to undertake to fanctify the elect people of GoD: and it was grace, free grace, that moved our LORD JESUS CHRIST to fend forth his ministers to call poor sinners this day. Let me not then, my brethren, go without my errand. Why will you not believe in him? Will the devil do fuch great and good things for you as CHRIST will? No indeed, he will not. Perhaps, he may give you to drink at first of a little brutish pleasure; but what will he give you to drink at last? a cup of fury and of trembling; a never-dying worm, a felf-condemning conscience, and the bitter pains of eternal death. But as for the fervants of JESUS CHRIST, it is not fo with them. No, he keeps his best wine till the last. And though he may cause you to drink of the brook in the way to heaven, and of the cup of affliction, yet he sweetens it with a sente of his goodness, and makes it pleasant drink, such as their fouls do love. I appeal to the experience of any faint here present, (as I doubt not but there are many such in this field) whether CHRIST has not proved faithful, ever fince you have been espoused to him? Has he not shewed forth his glory. ever fince you have believed on him?

And now, finners, what have you to object? I fee you are all filent, and well you may. For if you will not be drawn by the cords of infinite and everlasting love, what will draw you? I could urge many terrors of the Lord to perfuade you; but if the love of Jesus Christ will not conftrain you, your case is desperate. Remember then this day I have invited all, even the worst of sinners, to be married to the Lord Jesus. If you perish, remember you do not perish for lack of invitation. You yourselves shall stand forth at the last day, and I here give you a summons to meet me at the judgment seat of Christ, and to clear both my master and me. Would weeping, would tears prevail on you, I could wish my head were waters, and my eyes sountains of tears, that I might weep out every argument, and melt you into

love. Would any thing I could do or fuffer, influence your hearts I think I could bear to pluck out my eyes, or even to las down my life for your fakes. Or was I fure to prevail on we u by importunity, I could continue my discourse till midnight, I would wiessie with you even till the morning watch, as Jacob did with the angel, and would not go away till I had overcome. But fuch power belongeth only unto the LORD, I can only invite; it is He only can work in you both to will and to do after his good pleafure; it is his property to take away the heart of flone, and give you a heart of flesh; it is his spirit that must convince you of unbelief, and of the everlatting righteoufness of his dear Son; it is He alone must give faith to apply his righteousness to your hearts; it is He alone can give you a wedding garment, and bring you to fit down and drink new wine in his kingdom. As to spirituals we are quite dead, and have no more power to turn to God of ourselves, than Lazarus had to raise himself. after he had lain stinking in the grave four days. If thou canst go, O man, and breathe upon all the dry bones that lye in the graves, and bid them live; if thou canft take thy mantle and divide yonder river, as Elijah did the river Fordan; then will we believe thou hast a power to turn to Gon of thyfelf: But as thou must despair of the one, so thou must defpair of the other, without CHRIST's quickening grace; in him is thy only help; fly to him then by faith; fay unto him, as the poor leper did, "LORD, if thou wilt," thou canst make me willing; and he will stretch forth the righthand of his power to affift and relieve you: He will fweetly guide you by his wisdom on earth, and afterwards take you up to partake of his glory in heaven.

To his mercy therefore, and Almighty protection, do I earneftly, humbly, and most affectionately commit you: the LORD bless you and keep you; the LORD list up the light of his blessed countenance upon you, and give you all peace and joy in believing, now and for evermore!